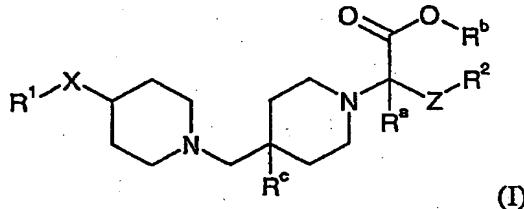


CLAIMS

1. A compound of formula (I):



5 wherein:

R^a and R^b are, independently, hydrogen or C₁₋₄ alkyl or R^a forms part of a ring as defined below;

R^c is hydrogen or hydroxy;

X is CH₂, C(O), O, S, S(O), S(O)₂ or NR³;

10 Z is CHR^d(CH₂)_n;

n is 0 or 1;

R^d is hydrogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy or C₁₋₄ alkoxy;

R¹ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, aryl or heterocyclyl;

R² is aryl or heterocyclyl;

15 wherein, unless stated otherwise, the foregoing aryl and heterocyclyl moieties are optionally substituted by: halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxy, oxo, S(O)_pR⁴, OC(O)NR⁵R⁶, NR⁷R⁸, NR⁹C(O)R¹⁰, NR¹¹C(O)NR¹²R¹³, S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁵,

NR¹⁶S(O)₂R¹⁷, C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, C(O)R²⁰, CO₂R²¹, NR²²CO₂R²³, C₁₋₆ alkyl, CF₃, C₁₋₆ alkoxy(C₁₋₆)alkyl, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, OCF₃, C₁₋₆ alkoxy(C₁₋₆)alkoxy, C₁₋₆ alkylthio, C₂₋₆

20 alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by C₁₋₄ alkyl or oxo), methylenedioxy, difluoromethylenedioxy, phenyl, phenyl(C₁₋₄)alkyl, phenoxy, phenylthio, phenyl(C₁₋₄)alkoxy, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl(C₁₋₄)alkyl, heterocyclxyloxy or heterocyclyl(C₁₋₄)alkoxy; wherein any of the immediately

25 foregoing phenyl and heterocyclyl moieties are optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxy, nitro, S(O)_q(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂NH₂, S(O)₂NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ below), cyano, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C(O)NH₂, C(O)NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶

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below), CO₂H, CO₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHC(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHS(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), CF₃ or OCF₃;

or Z, R² and R^a together with the carbon atom to which Z and R^a are attached form a ring;

5 p and q are, independently, 0, 1 or 2;

R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, R¹⁶, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, R²¹ and R²² are, independently, hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl (optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy or C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl), CH₂(C₂₋₆ alkenyl), phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy, nitro, NH₂, NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ below), S(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂NH₂, S(O)₂NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ below), cyano, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C(O)NH₂, C(O)NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ below), CO₂H, CO₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl),

10 NHC(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHS(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), CF₃ or OCF₃) or heterocyclyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy, nitro, NH₂, NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ below), S(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂NH₂, S(O)₂NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ below), cyano, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C(O)NH₂, C(O)NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ below), CO₂H, CO₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHC(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHS(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), CF₃ or OCF₃);

15 alternatively NR⁵R⁶, NR⁷R⁸, NR¹²R¹³, NR¹⁴R¹⁵, NR¹⁸R¹⁹, may, independently, form a 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, azetidine, pyrrolidine, piperidine, azepine, morpholine or piperazine, the latter optionally substituted by C₁₋₄ alkyl on the distal nitrogen;

20 R⁴, R¹⁷ and R²³ are, independently, C₁₋₆ alkyl (optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy or C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkyl), CH₂(C₂₋₆ alkenyl), phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy, nitro, NH₂, NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ above), S(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂NH₂, S(O)₂NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ above), cyano, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy,

C(O)NH₂, C(O)NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ above), CO₂H, CO₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHC(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHS(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), CF₃ or OCF₃) or heterocyclyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy, nitro, NH₂, NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ above), S(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂NH₂, S(O)₂NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ above), cyano, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C(O)NH₂, C(O)NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R⁵ and R⁶ above), CO₂H, CO₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHC(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHS(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), CF₃ or OCF₃); R³ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl or benzyl; or an N-oxide thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; or a solvate thereof.

15 2. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 wherein X is O.

3. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 or 2 wherein the aryl and heterocyclyl moieties of R¹ and R² are, independently, optionally substituted by: halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxy, oxo, S(O)_pR⁴, OC(O)NR⁵R⁶, NR⁷R⁸, NR⁹C(O)R¹⁰, NR¹¹C(O)NR¹²R¹³, S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁵, NR¹⁶S(O)₂R¹⁷, C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, C(O)R²⁰, CO₂R²¹, NR²²CO₂R²³, C₁₋₆ alkyl, CF₃, C₁₋₆ alkoxy(C₁₋₆ alkyl), C₁₋₆ alkoxy or OCF₃; p is 0, 1 or 2; R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, R¹⁶, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, R²¹ and R²² are, independently, hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl (optionally substituted by halogen) or phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy, nitro, NH₂, NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂, S(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂NH₂, S(O)₂NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂, cyano, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C(O)NH₂, C(O)NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂, CO₂H, CO₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHC(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), NHS(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), C(O)(C₁₋₄ alkyl), CF₃ or OCF₃); and R⁴, R¹⁷ and R²³ are, independently, C₁₋₆ alkyl (optionally substituted by halogen) or phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy, nitro, NH₂, NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂, S(O)₂(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂NH₂, S(O)₂NH(C₁₋₄ alkyl), S(O)₂N(C₁₋₄ alkyl)₂, cyano, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy,

$\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})_2$, CO_2H , $\text{CO}_2(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{NHC}(\text{O})(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{NHS}(\text{O})_2(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, CF_3 or OCF_3 .

4. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein R^1 is phenyl
optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, C_{1-4} alkyl or C_{1-4} alkoxy.
5. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, 2, 3 or 4 wherein R^a is hydrogen.
6. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 wherein R^b is
10 hydrogen or methyl.
7. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 wherein R^c is
hydrogen.
- 15 8. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in any preceding claim wherein R^d is
hydrogen, hydroxy or C_{1-4} alkyl.
9. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in any preceding claim wherein Z is CH_2 ,
20 CH_2CH_2 , CHCH_3 or CHOH .
10. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in any preceding claim wherein R^2 is phenyl
or heterocyclyl optionally substituted by halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxy, NR^7R^8 , C_{1-6} alkyl
25 (optionally substituted with halogen), C_{1-6} alkoxy (optionally substituted
with halogen), $\text{S}(\text{O})_p(\text{C}_{1-6} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{S}(\text{O})_r\text{CF}_3$ or $\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{14}\text{R}^{15}$; p and r are,
independently, 0, 1 or 2; and R^7 , R^8 , R^{14} and R^{15} are, independently, hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl
30 (optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy or C_{3-10} cycloalkyl), $\text{CH}_2(\text{C}_{2-5}$ alkenyl), phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy, nitro, NH_2 , $\text{NH}(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{N}(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})_2$, $\text{S}(\text{O})_2(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NH}_2$, $\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NH}(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})_2$ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for
 R^7 and R^8 below), cyano, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})_2$ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for
 R^7 and R^8 below), CO_2H , $\text{CO}_2(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{NHC}(\text{O})(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{NHS}(\text{O})_2(\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl), $\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{C}_{1-4} \text{ alkyl})$, CF_3 or OCF_3) or heterocyclyl (itself optionally substituted

by halogen, hydroxy, nitro, NH_2 , $\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})$, $\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})_2$, $\text{S}(\text{O})_2(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})$, $\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NH}_2$, $\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})$, $\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})_2$ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R^7 and R^8 below), cyano, $\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkoxy}$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})_2$ (and these alkyl groups may join to form a ring as described for R^7 and R^8 below), CO_2H , $\text{CO}_2(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})$, $\text{NHC}(\text{O})(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})$, $\text{NHS}(\text{O})_2(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})$, $\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl})$, CF_3 or OCF_3 ; or alternatively NR^7R^8 or $\text{NR}^{14}\text{R}^{15}$ may, independently, form a 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring, azetidine, pyrrolidine, piperidine, azepine, morpholine or piperazine, the latter optionally substituted by $\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl}$ on the distal nitrogen.

5

10 11. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in any preceding claim wherein R^2 is phenyl or heterocyclyl optionally substituted by halogen, cyano, hydroxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-4 haloalkyl}$ or $\text{C}_1\text{-4 alkoxy}$.

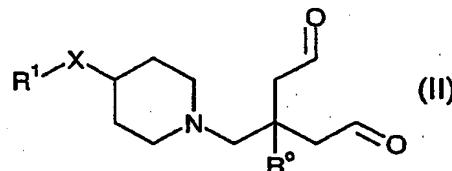
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12. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in any preceding claim wherein heterocyclyl is indolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl or pyridinyl.

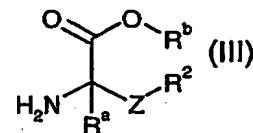
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13. A process for preparing a compound of formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 comprising:

a. reacting a compound of formula (II):



with a compound of formula (III):



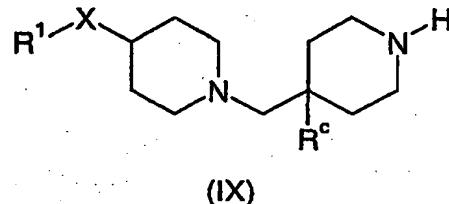
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in the presence of $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ or $\text{NaBH}_3(\text{CN})$ in a suitable solvent at a suitable temperature;

b. when R^b is not hydrogen, reacting a compound of formula (II) with a compound of formula (III), where R^b is not hydrogen, in the presence of

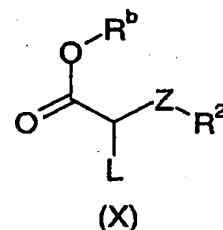
NaBH(OAc)_3 in the presence of a suitable base in a suitable solvent at a suitable temperature;

c. when R^a represents H, reacting a compound of formula (IX):



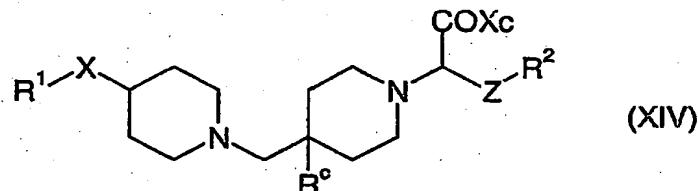
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with a compound of formula (X):



wherein L is a suitable leaving group, in a suitable solvent, at a temperature in the range 0°C to 30°C, in the presence of a base; or,

d. when R^a represents H, hydrolysing a compound of formula (XIV):



10

wherein Xc is a chiral auxiliary, in a suitable solvent, at a temperature between 10°C and reflux of the solvent.

14. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a compound of the formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or solvate thereof as claimed in claim 1, and a pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvant, diluent or carrier.

15. A compound of the formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or solvate thereof as claimed in claim 1, for use in therapy.

20

16. A compound of formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or solvate thereof as claimed in claim 1, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in therapy.
- 5 17. A method of treating a chemokine mediated disease state in a mammal suffering from, or at risk of, said disease, which comprises administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or solvate thereof as claimed in claim 1.

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